Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information

1. Legal Framework

This Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information (the "Policy") is aimed at providing guidelines to the Management of Saven Technologies Limited (the "Company"), to determine the materiality of events or information, which could affect the investment decisions and ensure timely and adequate dissemination of information to the stock exchanges.

This Policy has been formulated in accordance with the current guidelines laid down by Securities Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), under Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), with respect to disclosure of events and information.

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, issued on September 2, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 08th February, 2016 approved the "Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information". The Board shall review, and if found required, may amend this Policy from time to time.

2. Objective

The objective of this Policy is to serve as a guiding charter to the Management to ensure timely and adequate disclosure of events or information are made to the investor community by the Company under the Listing Regulations, to enable them to take well informed investment decisions with regard to the securities of the Company.

3. Applicability

Information relating to material events and which is price sensitive in nature, shall be promptly disseminated to the Stock Exchanges. For this purpose, material event means any information which relates to the Company and which, if published is likely to materially affect the price of shares of the Company.

- i. The Company shall make disclosure of events specified in Annexure 1 (Events specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations and as may be amended from time to time), without applying any test of materiality to the stock exchanges within specified timelines.
- ii. The Company shall make disclosure of events specified in Annexure 2 (Events specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations and as may be amended from time to time), based on application of the guidelines for materiality, to the stock exchanges within specified timelines, as specified below:

Quantitative criteria would be calculated based on audited financial statements of the last audited financial year, and would mean event/ information where the value involved or the impact:

- (a) exceeds ten per cent of the gross turnover, or
- (b) exceeds ten per cent of the net worth

whichever is lower.

Qualitative criteria would mean an event/ information

- (a) The omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; Or
- (b) The omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission comes to light at a later date; or
- (c) The omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:

(1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the company;

(2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;

(3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the company;

(*d*) In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of the company, the event or information is considered material:

Provided that any continuing event or information which becomes material pursuant to notification of these amendment regulations shall be disclosed by the company within thirty days from the date of coming into effect of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023.

- iii. Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the Company which may be necessary to enable the shareholders of the Company to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities, would be disclosed as advised by the Board from time to time.
- iv. The Company shall make disclosures of any events or information which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, is material. In case where an event occurs or information is available with the company, which has not been indicated in SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/123 July 13, 2023 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2025/25 February 25, 2025, but which may have material effect on it, the Company would make adequate disclosures in regard thereof.

4. Guidelines on occurrence of an event / information

The occurrence of material event/information would be either by the Company's own accord or not in the hands of the Company. It can be categorized as under:

- (i) depends upon the stage of discussion, negotiation or approval and
- (ii) in case of natural calamities, disruptions etc., it would depend upon the timing when the company became aware of the event/information.

In respect of the events under 4(i), the events/information can be said to have occurred upon receipt of approval of Board of Directors, e.g. further issue of capital by rights issuance and in certain events/information after receipt of approval of both i.e. Board of Directors and Shareholders. However, considering the price sensitivity involved, for certain events e.g. decision on declaration of dividends etc., disclosure shall be made on receipt of approval of the event by the Board of Directors, pending Shareholder's approval. In case in-principle approval or approval to explore (which is not final approval) is given by the Board of Directors, the same shall not require disclosure under regulation 30 of the LODR Regulations.

In respect of the events under 4(ii), the events/information can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of the events/information, or as soon as, an officer of the entity has, or ought to have reasonably come into possession of the information in the course of the performance of his duties. The term 'officer' shall have the same meaning as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and shall also include Promoter of the Company.

The listed entities shall confirm, deny or clarify any reported event or information in the mainstream media in terms of regulation 30(11) of the LODR Regulations

5. i. Disclosure of material events / information

The company shall first disclose to the stock exchange(s) all events or information which are material in terms of the provisions of this regulation as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than the following:

- (i) thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken;
- (ii) twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the company;
- (iii) twenty four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the company:

Provided that disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III shall be made within such timelines:

Provided further that in case the disclosure is made after the timelines specified under the regulation 30, the company shall, along with such disclosure provide the explanation for the delay.

Further, disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III of the LODR Regulations shall be made within such timelines.

In order to bring clarity in the above timelines for disclosure of material events or information, the timeline for disclosure of events specified in Part A of Schedule III of the LODR Regulations is given in Annexure-3.

The Company shall make disclosures updating the material developments pertaining to material events on a regular basis, till such time the event is resolved/closed, and to be disclosed to the stock exchanges with relevant explanations.

The Company shall also disclose all events or information with respect to subsidiaries which are material, if any, for the Company.

The Company shall disclose the details of the material events/ information, as provided in SEBI Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/123 dated July 13, 2023 SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/123 July 13, 2023 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2025/25 February 25, 2025, in respect of details that need to be provided while disclosing events given in Para A and Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations2015 and amendments if any, from time to time.

The company shall provide specific and adequate reply to all queries raised by stock exchange(s) with respect to any events or information:

Provided that the stock exchange(s) shall disseminate information and clarification as soon as reasonably practicable.

The company may on its own initiative also, confirm or deny any reported event or information to stock exchange(s). In case where an event occurs or an information is available with the company, which has not been indicated in Para A or B of Part A of Schedule III, but which may have material effect on it, the company is required to make adequate disclosures in regard thereof. In case an event or information is required to be disclosed by the company in terms of the provisions of this regulation, pursuant to the receipt of a communication from any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority, the listed company shall disclose such communication, along with the event or information, unless disclosure of such communication is prohibited by such authority.

ii. Disclosure requirements for certain types of agreements binding listed Entities

(1) All the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel and employees of a company or of its holding, subsidiary and associate company, who are parties to the agreements specified in clause 5A of para A of part A of schedule III to the Listing regulations, shall inform the company about the agreement to which such a company is not a party, within two working days of entering into such agreements or signing an agreement to enter into such agreements: Provided that for the agreements that subsist as on the date of notification of clause 5A to para A of part A of schedule III, the parties to the agreements shall inform the company, about the agreement to which such a company is not a party and the company shall in turn disclose all such subsisting agreements to the Stock Exchanges and on its website within the timelines as specified by the Board.

(2) The company shall disclose the number of agreements that subsist as on the date of notification of clause 5A to para A of part A of schedule III, their salient features, including the link to the webpage where the complete details of such agreements are available, in the Annual Report for the financial year 2022-23 or for the financial year 2023-24.

Clause 5A to para A of part A of schedule III of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is as under:

Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the company or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the company, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the company is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term directly or indirectly includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that company shall or shall not act in a particular manner.

6. Authorization for disclosures

The Chief Executive Officer / Chief Financial Officer are authorized to determine materiality of an event/information and to make disclosures to stock exchanges. The contact details of Chief Executive Officer / Chief Financial Officer/Company Secretary have been disclosed to the stock exchanges and also available on Company's website.

7. Disclosure on the website of the Company

The company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to stock exchange(s) under this regulation, and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the company for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the company, as disclosed on its website.

The Policy and the contact details of the persons authorized by the Board shall be available on the website of the Company.

8. Amendment

The Board of Directors of the Company reserves the right to amend or modify this Policy in whole or in part, as may be required, at any point of time.

Annexure -1

The following shall be the events, as specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations 2015 and as may be amended from time to time, upon occurrence of which the Company shall make disclosures to the Stock Exchanges.

Schedule III,	Provision	Details for Disclosure
Para A of Part A		
1	Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation/ merger/ demerger/restructuring), or sale or disposal of any unit(s),division(s) whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the company, sale of stake in the associate company of the company or any other restructuring Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub- paragraph, the word 'acquisition' shall mean- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or (ii) acquiring or agreement to acquire shares or voting rights in a company, whether existing or to be incorporated, whether directly or indirectly, such that (a)the company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to five per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company; or (b)there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub- paragraph and such change exceeds two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company; or (c)the cost of acquisition or the price at which	 Acquisition (including agreement to acquire): a) name of the target entity, details in brief such as size, turnover etc.; b) whether the acquisition would fall within related party transaction(s) and whether the promoter/ promoter group/ group companies have any interest in the entity being acquired? If yes, nature of interest and details thereof and whether the same is done at "arm's length"; c) industry to which the entity being acquired belongs; d) objects and impact of acquisition (including but not limited to, disclosure of reasons for acquisition of target entity, if its business is outside the main line of business of the company); e) brief details of any governmental or regulatory approvals required for the acquisition; f) indicative time period for completion of the acquisition;

 the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub regulation (4) of regulation 30. Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "sale or disposal of subsidiary" and "sale of stake in associate company" shall include- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the company; or 	 g) consideration - whether cash consideration or share swap or any other form and details of the same; h) cost of acquisition and/or the price at which the shares are acquired; i) percentage of shareholding / control acquired and / or number of shares acquired;
 (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30. Explanation (3)- For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, :undertaking" and "substantially the whole of the undertaking" shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013. 	 j) brief background about the entity acquired in terms of products/line of business acquired, date of incorporation, history of last 3 years turnover, country in which the acquired entity has presence and any other significant information (in brief); 1.2. Amalgamation/ Merger: a) name of the entity(ies) forming part of the amalgamation/merger, details in brief such as, size, turnover etc.; b) whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length"; c) area of business of the entity(ies); d) rationale for amalgamation/merger; e) in case of cash consideration – amount or otherwise share exchange ratio; f) brief details of change in shareholding pattern (if any) of company. 1.3. De-merger: a) brief details of the division(s) to be demerged;

	b) turnover of the demerged division and as percentage to the total turnover of the company in the immediately preceding financial year / based on financials of the last financial year;
	c) rationale for demerger;
	d) brief details of change in shareholding pattern (if any) of all entities;
	e) in case of cash consideration – amount or otherwise share exchange ratio;
	f) whether listing would be sought for the resulting entity.
	1.4. Sale or disposal of unit(s) or division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the company, sale of stake in the associate company of the company:
	a) the amount and percentage of the turnover or revenue or income and net worth contributed by such unit or division or undertaking or subsidiary or associate company of the company during the last financial year;
	b) date on which the agreement for sale has been entered into;
	c) the expected date of completion of sale/disposal;
	d) consideration received from such sale/disposal;
	e) brief details of buyers and

whether any of the buyers belong to the promoter/ promoter group/group companies. If yes, details thereof;
f) whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length";
g) whether the sale, lease or disposal of the undertaking is outside Scheme of Arrangement? If yes, details of the same including compliance with regulation 37A of LODR Regulations.
h) additionally, in case of a slump sale, indicative disclosures provided for amalgamation/merger, shall be disclosed by the company with respect to such slump sale.
For the purpose of this sub-clause, "slump sale" shall mean the transfer of one or more undertakings, as a result of the sale for a lump sum consideration, without values being assigned to the individual assets and liabilities in such sales.
1.5. Other Restructuring:
a) details and reasons for restructuring;
b) quantitative and/ or qualitative effect of restructuring;
c) details of benefit, if any, to the promoter/promoter group/group companies from such proposed restructuring;
d) brief details of change in shareholding pattern (if any) of all entities.

		1
2	Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of	2.1. Issuance of securities:
	securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of	a) type of securities proposed to be issued (viz. equity shares, convertibles etc.);
	redemption of securities etc.	b) type of issuance (further public offering, rights issue, depository receipts (ADR/GDR), qualified institutions placement, preferential allotment etc.);
		c) total number of securities proposed to be issued or the total amount for which the securities will be issued (approximately);
		d) in case of preferential issue the company shall disclose the following additional details to the stock exchange(s):
		 i. names of the investors; ii. post allotment of securities - outcome of the subscription, issue price / allotted price (in case of convertibles), number of investors; iii. in case of convertibles - intimation on conversion of securities or on lapse of the tenure of the instrument;
		e) in case of bonus issue the company shall disclose the following additional details to the stock exchange(s):
		 whether bonus is out of free reserves created out of profits or share premium account;
		 ii. bonus ratio; iii. details of share capital - pre and post bonus issue;
		iv. free reserves and/ or share premium required for implementing

the bonus issue;
v. free reserves and/ or share premium available for capitalization and the date as on which such balance is available;
vi. whether the aforesaid figures are audited;
vii. estimated date by which such bonus shares would be credited/dispatched;
f) in case of issuance of depository receipts (ADR/GDR) or FCCB the company shall disclose following additional details to the stock exchange(s):
 i. name of the stock exchange(s) where ADR/GDR/FCCBs are listed (opening – closing status) / proposed to be listed; ii. proposed no. of equity shares underlying the ADR/GDR or on conversion of FCCBs;
iii. proposed date of allotment, tenure, date of maturity and coupon offered, if any of FCCB's;
iv. issue price of ADR/GDR/FCCBs (in terms of USD and in INR after considering conversion rate);
v. change in terms of FCCBs, if any;
vi. details of defaults, if any, by the company in payment of coupon on FCCBs & subsequent updates in relation to the default, including the details of the corrective measures undertaken (if any);
g) in case of issuance of debt securities or other non-convertible securities the company shall disclose following additional details to the stock exchange(s):

i. size of the issue;
ii. whether proposed to be listed? If
yes, name of the stock exchange(s);
iii. tenure of the instrument - date of allotment and date of maturity;
iv. coupon/interest offered, schedule of payment of coupon/interest and principal;
v. charge/security, if any, created over the assets;
vi. special right/interest/privileges attached to the instrument and changes thereof;
vii. delay in payment of interest / principal amount for a period of more than three months from the due date or default in payment of interest / principal;
viii. details of any letter or comments regarding payment/non- payment of interest, principal on due dates, or any other matter concerning the security and /or the assets along with its comments thereon, if any;
ix. details of redemption of preference shares indicating the manner of redemption (whether out of profits or out of fresh issue) and debentures;
h) any cancellation or termination of proposal for issuance of securities including reasons thereof.
2.2.Split/consolidationofshares:a) split/consolidation ratio;

b) rationale behind the
split/consolidation;
c) pre and post share capital – authorized, paid-up and subscribed;
d) expected time of completion;
e) class of shares which are consolidated or subdivided;
f) number of shares of each class pre and post split or consolidation;
g) number of shareholders who did not get any shares in consolidation and their pre-consolidation shareholding.
2.3. Buy back of securities:
a) number of securities proposed for buyback;
 b) number of securities proposed for buyback as a percentage of existing paid up capital;
c) buyback price;
 d) actual securities in number and percentage of existing paid up capital bought back;
e) pre & post shareholding pattern.
2.4. Any restriction on transferability of securities:
 a) authority issuing attachment or prohibitory orders; b) brief details and reasons for attachment or prohibitory orders;
c) name of registered holders against whom restriction on transferability has been placed;
d) total number of securities so affected;
e) distinctive numbers of such securities if applicable;
f) period for which order would be applicable (if stated).
2.5. Any action, which will result in alteration of the terms or structure of any existing

		securities, including, but not limited to:
		a) forfeiture of shares;
		b) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
		c) proposal to issue any class of securities;
		d) alterations of capital, including calls;
		e) change in the terms regarding redemption/cancellation/retirement in whole or in part of any securities issued by the company.
3	New Rating(s) or] Revision in Rating(s)	 The company shall notify the stock exchange(s), the details of any new rating or revision in rating assigned from a credit rating agency to any debt instrument of the company or to any fixed deposit programme or to any scheme or proposal of the company involving mobilization of funds whether in India or abroad. In case of a downward revision in ratings, the company shall also intimate the reasons provided by the rating agency for such downward revision. The above requirement to disclose rating shall also be applicable to the following: a) Revision in rating even if it was not requested for by the company or the request was later withdrawn by the company. b) Revision in rating outlook even without revision in rating score.
		c) ESG ratings by registered ESG Rating Providers.

4	Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The company shall disclose to the Exchange(s), within 30 minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider the following:	Exchange(s), within 30 minutes of the closure of the meeting, held to consider or decide the following:
		4.1. dividends and/or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
		4.2. any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
		4.3. the decision on buyback of securities;
		4.4. the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken;
		4.5. increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares would be credited/dispatched;
		4.6. reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
		4.7. short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
		4.8. financial results;
		4.9. decision on voluntary delisting by the company from stock exchange(s);

		The intimation of outcome of meeting of the board of directors shall also contain the time of commencement and conclusion of the meeting.
5	Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts	5.1. name(s) of parties with whom the agreement is entered;5.2. purpose of entering into the
	management and control of the company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amondmont(s) and termination(s) thereaf	agreement; 5.3. shareholding, if any, in the entity with whom the agreement is executed;
	amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.	5.4. significant terms of the agreement (in brief) special rights like right to appoint directors, first right to share subscription in case of issuance of shares, right to restrict any change in capital structure etc.;
		5.5. whether, the said parties are related to promoter/promoter group/ group companies in any manner. If yes, nature of relationship;
		5.6. whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length";
		5.7. in case of issuance of shares to the parties, details of issue price, class of shares issued;
		5.8. any other disclosures related to such agreements, viz., details of nominee on the board of directors of the company, potential conflict of interest arising out of such agreements, etc.;
		 5.9. in case of termination or amendment of agreement, company shall disclose additional details to the stock exchange(s): a) name of parties to the agreement;
		 b) nature of the agreement; c) date of execution of the agreement; d) details of amendment and

		impact thereof or reasons of termination and impact thereof.
5A	Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the company or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the company, shall be disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the company is a party to such agreements: Provided that such agreements entered into by a company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations. Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term" directly or indirectly", includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that company shall or shall not act in a particular manner.	 a) if the company is a party to the agreement, i. details of the counterparties (including name and relationship with the company); b) if company is not a party to the agreement, i. name of the party entering into such an agreement and the relationship with the company; ii. details of the counterparties to the agreement (including name and relationship with the company); iii. date of entering into the agreement. c) purpose of entering into the agreement; d) shareholding, if any, in the entity with whom the agreement is executed; e) significant terms of the agreement (in brief); f) extent and the nature of impact on management or control of the company; g) details and quantification of the restriction or liability imposed upon the company; h) whether, the said parties are related to promoter/promoter group/ group companies in any manner. If yes, nature of relationship; i) whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at

		"arm's length";
		ann siengun ;
		 j) in case of issuance of shares to the parties, details of issue price, class of shares issued; k) any other disclosures related to such agreements, viz., details of nominee on the board of directors of the company, potential conflict of interest arising out of such agreements, etc.;
		I) in case of rescission, amendment or alteration, company shall disclose additional details to the stock exchange(s):
		i. name of parties to the agreement;
		ii. nature of the agreement;
		iii. date of execution of the agreement;
		iv. details and reasons for amendment or alteration and impact thereof (including impact on management or control and on the restriction or liability quantified earlier);
		v. reasons for rescission and impact thereof (including impact on management or control and on the restriction or liability quantified earlier).
6	Fraud or defaults by a company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management,	6.1. At the time of unearthing of fraud or occurrence of the default / arrest:
	promoter or director whether occurred within	a) nature of fraud/default/arrest;
	India or abroad. For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:	b) estimated impact on the company;
	(i) "Fraud" shall include fraud as defined	c) time of occurrence;
	under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and	d) person(s) involved;
	Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices	e) estimated amount involved (if any);
	relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003.	 f) whether such fraud/default/arrest has been reported to appropriate authorities.

	 (ii)"Default" shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable. Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in default if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days. Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the company. 	 6.2. Subsequently intimate the stock exchange(s) further details regarding the fraud/default/arrest including: a) actual amount involved in the fraud /default (if any); b) actual impact of such fraud /default on the company and its financials; and c) corrective measures taken by the company on account of such fraud/default.
7	Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.	7.1. reason for change viz. appointment, re-appointment, resignation, removal, death or otherwise;
	(7A) In case of resignation of the auditor of the company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.	 7.2. date of appointment/ re-appointment/cessation (as applicable) & term of appointment/re-appointment; 7.3. brief profile (in case of appointment);
	(7B) Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the	7.4. disclosure of relationships between directors (in case of appointment of a director).
	company, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the listed entities:	7A. As specified in sub-para 7A of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations.
	i. The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.	7B. As specified in sub-para 7B of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations.
	ia. Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and	7C. As specified in sub-para 7C of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations.
	membership of board committees, if any. ii. The independent director shall, along with	7D. As specified in sub-para 7D of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations.

		1
	the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided. iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub-clause (i) and (ii) above.	
	(7C) In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.	
	(7D) In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the company was indisposed or unavailable to fulfill the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).	
8	Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent	8.1. reason for appointment or discontinuation;
		8.2. date on which above would become effective.
9	Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:	As specified in sub-para 9 of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations.
	 (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings; (ii)Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders; (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan; (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan; (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders. 	
10	One time settlement with a bank	10.1. reasons for opting for OTS;
11	winding up potition filed by any parts /	10.2. brief summary of the OTS.
	winding-up petition filed by any party /	11.1. reasons for such a petition;

	creditors	11.2. impact of such petition on company.
12	Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the company	 12.1. date of notice/call letters/resolutions etc.; 12.2. brief details viz. agenda (if any) proposed to be taken up, resolution to be passed, manner of approval proposed etc.
13	Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the company	 13.1. date of the meeting; 13.2. brief details of items deliberated and results thereof; 13.3. manner of approval proposed for certain items (e-voting etc.).
14	Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of company, in brief	
15	 (a) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet) and presentations made by the company to analysts or institutional investors. Explanation: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means. (b) Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means, simultaneously with submission to the recognized stock exchange(s), in the following manner: (i) the presentation and the audio/video recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier; (ii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website within five working days of the conclusion of such calls: 	As specified in sub-para 15 of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of LODR Regulations
	The requirement for disclosure(s) of audio/video recordings and transcript shall be	

\ \	voluntary with effect from April 01, 2021 and
r	mandatory with effect from April 01, 2022.;

Annexure -2

The following shall be the events, as specified in Para B of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations 2015 and as may be amended from time to time, upon occurrence of which the Company shall make disclosures to the Stock Exchanges, based on application of the guidelines for materiality referred under sub-regulation (4) of regulation (30).

Schedule III,	Provision	Details for Disclosure
Para B of Part A		
1	Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division	The company shall notify the stock exchange(s) regarding the commencement of commercial production or the commencement of commercial operations of any unit/division. In cases where the company has made prior intimation of date of commencement of commercial production or operations, the company shall be required to disclose details in case of postponement of the date of commencement.
2	Any of the following events pertaining to the company:	Any of the following events pertaining to the company:
	(a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie up; or	2.1. Arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up:
	(b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or(c) closure of operation of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal)	a) Agreement / joint venture (JV) with companies:
		 i. name of the entity(ies) with whom agreement/ JV is signed; ii. area of agreement/JV; iii. domestic/international; iv. share exchange ratio / JV ratio; v. scope of business operation of agreement / JV; vi. details of consideration paid / received in agreement / JV; vii. significant terms and conditions of agreement / JV in brief; viii. whether the acquisition would fall within related party transactions and whether the promoter/ promoter group/

		 group companies have any interest in the entity being acquired? If yes, nature of interest and details thereof and whether the same is done at "arm's length"; ix. size of the entity(ies); x. rationale and benefit expected. b) In the event that any such arrangement is called off for any reason, the same shall be disclosed along with the reasons for calling off the proposal. 2.2. Adoption of new line(s) of business: a) industry or area to which the new line of business belongs to; b) expected benefits; c) estimated amount to be invested. 2.3. Closure of operations of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal): a) date of such binding agreement, if any, entered for sale of such unit/division, if any; b) amount & percentage of turnover or revenue or income and net worth of the company contributed by such unit or division during the last financial year; c) date of closure or estimated time of closure;
		d) reasons for closure.
3	Capacity addition or product launch.	Capacity addition or product launch 3.1. Capacity addition: a) existing capacity; b) existing capacity utilization; c) proposed capacity addition; d) period within which the proposed capacity is to be added; e) investment required; f) mode of financing; g) rationale.

		3.2. Product launch:
		 a) name of the product; b) date of launch; c) category of the product; d) whether caters to domestic/ international market;
		e) name of the countries in which the product is launched (in case of international).
4	Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business	Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts, not in the normal course of business:
		4.1. Awarding of order(s)/contract(s):
		Only important terms and conditions which may be as under needs to be disclosed:
		a) name of the entity to which order(s)/contract(s) is awarded;
		b) whether order(s) / contract(s) is awarded to domestic/ international entity
		 c) significant terms and conditions of order(s)/contract(s) awarded, in brief;
		d) time period, if any, associated with the order(s)/contract(s);
		e) broad commercial consideration or size of the order(s)/contract(s);
		f) whether the promoter/ promoter group/group companies have any interest in that entity to whom the order(s)/contract(s) is awarded? If Yes, nature of interest and details thereof;
		g) whether the same would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's

	length".
	4.2. Bagging/Receiving of orders/contracts:
	Only important terms and conditions which may be as under needs to be disclosed:
	a) name of the entity awarding the order(s)/contract(s);
	 b) significant terms and conditions of order(s)/contract(s) awarded in brief;
	c) whether order(s) / contract(s) have been awarded by domestic/ international entity;
	d) nature of order(s) / contract(s);
	e) whether domestic or international;
	 f) time period by which the order(s)/contract(s) is to be executed; g) broad consideration or size of the order(s)/contract(s);
	h) whether the promoter/ promoter group / group companies have any interest in the entity that awarded the order(s)/contract(s)? If yes, nature of interest and details thereof;
	 i) whether the order(s)/contract(s) would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length".
	4.3. Amendment or termination of orders/contracts:
	a) name of parties to the order(s)/contract(s);
	b) nature of the order(s)/contract(s);

		c) date of execution of the
		order(s)/contract(s)
		d) details of amendment or reasons for
		terminations and impact thereof (to the extent possible);
5	Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any	Only important terms and conditions
	other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and	which may be as under needs to be disclosed:
	termination(s) thereof	a) name(s) of parties with whom the agreement is entered;
		b) purpose of entering into the agreement;
		c) size of agreement;
		d) shareholding, if any, in the entity with whom the agreement is executed;
		e) significant terms of the agreement (in brief) special rights like right to appoint directors, first right to share subscription in case of issuance of shares, right to restrict any change in capital structure etc.;
		f) whether, the said parties are related to promoter/promoter group/ group companies in any manner. If yes, nature of relationship;
		 g) whether the transaction would fall within related party transactions? If yes, whether the same is done at "arm's length";
		 h) in case of issuance of shares to the parties, details of issue price, class of shares issued;
		i) in case of loan agreements, details of lender/borrower, nature of the loan, total amount of loan granted/taken, total amount outstanding, date of execution of the loan agreement/sanction letter, details of the security provided to the lenders / by the borrowers for such loan or in case outstanding loans lent to a party or borrowed from a party become material on a cumulative basis;
		j) any other disclosures related to such agreements, viz., details of nominee on the board of directors of the company,

		 potential conflict of interest arising out of such agreements, etc.; k) in case of termination or amendment of agreement, company shall disclose additional details to the stock exchange(s): name of parties to the agreement; nature of the agreement; date of execution of the agreement; v. details of amendment and impact thereof or reasons of termination and impact thereof.
6	Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.	 6.1. At the time of occurrence: a) expected quantum of loss/damage caused; b) whether loss/damage covered by insurance or not including amount; c) estimated impact on the production/operations in case of strikes/lock outs; d) factory/unit where the strike/lock out takes place including reasons for such strike. 6.2. Regularly, till complete normalcy is restored: a) insurance amount claimed and realized by the company for the loss/damage; b) the actual amount of damage caused due to the natural calamity or other force majeure events; c) details of steps taken to restore normalcy and the impact of the natural calamity/other force majeure events on production or service, financials of the entity.
7	Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the company	Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the company.
8	Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the company.	The company shall notify the stock exchange(s) upon it or its director or its key management personnel or its senior management or its promoter or

its subsidiary becoming party to any litigation, assessment, adjudication, arbitration or dispute in conciliation proceedings or upon institution of any litigation, assessment, adjudication, arbitration or dispute including any ad- interim or interim orders passed against or in favour of the company, the outcome of which can reasonably be expected to have an impact. In case the amount involved in ongoing litigations or disputes with an opposing party become material on a cumulative basis, then the same shall also be required to be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).
8.1. At the time of becoming the party:
 a) brief details of litigation viz. name(s) of the opposing party, court/ tribunal/agency where litigation is filed, brief details of dispute/litigation; b) expected financial implications, if any, due to compensation, penalty etc.; c) quantum of claims, if any;
8.2. Regularly till the litigation is concluded or dispute is resolved:
a) the details of any change in the status and / or any development in relation to such proceedings;
b) in the case of litigation against key management personnel or its promoter or ultimate person in control, regularly provide details of any change in the status and / or any development in relation to such proceedings;
c) in the event of settlement of the proceedings, details of such settlement including - terms of the settlement, compensation/penalty paid (if any) and impact of such settlement on the financial position of the company.

9	Frauds or defaults by employees of the company which has or may have an impact on the company	9.1. At the time of unearthing of fraud or occurrence of the default/arrest:	
		 a) nature of fraud/default/arrest; b) estimated impact on the company; c) time of occurrence; d) person(s) involved; e) estimated amount involved (if any); f) whether such fraud has been reported to appropriate authorities. 	
		9.2. Subsequently intimate the stock exchange(s) further details regarding the fraud/default including:	
		a) actual amount involved in the fraud /default (if any);	
		b) actual impact of such fraud /default on the company and its financials;	
		c) corrective measures taken by the company on account of such fraud/default.	
10	Options to purchase securities (including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme	Options to purchase securities (including any Share Based Employee Benefit (SBEB) Scheme) at the time of instituting the scheme and vesting or exercise of options:	
		a) brief details of options granted;	
		b) whether the scheme is in terms of SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, 2021 (if applicable);	
		c) total number of shares covered by these options;	
		d) pricing formula;	
		e) options vested;	
		f) time within which option may be exercised;	
		g) options exercised;	
		 h) money realized by exercise of options; 	
		i) the total number of shares arising as a result of exercise of option;	
		j) options lapsed;	

		 k) variation of terms of options; l) brief details of significant terms; m) subsequent changes or cancellation or exercise of such options; n) diluted earnings per share pursuant to issue of equity shares on exercise of options.
11	Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety by whatever named called for any third party	Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever name called, for any third party:
		a) name of party for which such guarantees or indemnity or surety was given;
		b) whether the promoter/ promoter group/ group companies have any interest in this transaction? If yes, nature of interest and details thereof and whether the same is done at "arm's length";
		c) brief details of such guarantee or indemnity or becoming a surety viz. brief details of agreement entered (if any) including significant terms and conditions, including amount of guarantee;
		d) impact of such guarantees or indemnity or surety on company.
		The above details for giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever name called, including comfort letter, side letter, etc., shall also be required to be disclosed in case the amount involved in terms of outstanding guarantees, indemnity or surety for a third party become material on a cumulative basis.
12	Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals	Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals: a) name of the regulatory or licensing authority; b) brief details of the approval/license

		obtained/ withdrawn/ surrendered;
		c) impact/relevance of such
		approval/license to the company;
		d) withdrawal/cancellation or
		suspension of licence/approval by the
		regulatory or licensing authority, with
		reasons for such action, estimated impact (monetary or otherwise) on the
		company and penalty, if any;
		e) period for which such
		approval/license is/was valid;
		f) Subsequently, the company shall
		inform the stock exchange(s), the
		actual impact (monetary or otherwise) along with corrective actions taken by
		the company pursuant to the
		withdrawal, cancellation or suspension
		of the key license/ approval.
13	Delay or default in the payment of fines,	Delay or default in the payment of fines,
	penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority	penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial
		authority:
		a) name of the authority;
		b) details of fines, penalties, dues, etc.
		including amount;
		c) due date of payment;
		d) reasons for delay or default in payment;
		e) impact on financial, operation or
		other activities of the company,
		quantifiable in monetary terms to the
		extent possible.
		In addition to the above, details of
		payment including date of payment and
		amount paid shall be disclosed upon
		payment of the fines, penalties, dues, etc.

C. Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the company which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the company to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.

D. Without prejudice to the generality of para (A), (B) and (C) above, the company may make disclosures of event/information as specified by the Board from time to time.

Annexure-3

TIMELINE FOR DISCLOSING EVENTS GIVEN IN PART A OF SCHEDULE III OF THE LODR REGULATIONS

1. Regulation 30(6) of the LODR Regulations specifies that the company shall first disclose to the stock exchange(s) all events or information which are material in terms of the provisions of the LODR Regulations as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than the following:

i. thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken;

ii. twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the company;

iii. twenty four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the company.

Further, disclosure with respect to events for which timelines have been specified in Part A of Schedule III of the LODR Regulations shall be made within such timelines.

 In order to bring clarity in the above timelines for disclosure of material events or information, the timeline for disclosure of events specified in Part A of Schedule III of the LODR Regulations is given in the table below:

Table I: Timeline for disclosure of events specified in Part A of Schedule III of the LODR Regulations

Para / sub- para	Events	Timeline for disclosure
A.	Events which shall be disclosed without any application of the guidelines for materiality as specified in sub-regulation (4) of regulation (30):	
1.	Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation/ merger/ demerger/restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the company, sale of stake in the associate company of the company or any other restructuring.	Within 12 hours
2.	Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including	Within 12 hours

	forfeiture rejease of forfeited econvities alteration of	
	forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.	
3.	New Ratings(s) or Revision in Rating(s).	Within 24 hours
4.	Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors	Timeline as specified in sub-para 4 of Para A of Schedule III.
5.	Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.	Within 12 hours * (for agreements where company is a party); Within 24 hours (for agreements where company is not a party).
5A.	Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the company or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the company, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the company is a party to such agreements: Provided that such agreements entered into by a company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or bey are required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.	Within 12 hours * (for agreements where company is a party); Within 24 hours (for agreements where company is not a party).
6.	Fraud or defaults by a company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director whether occurred within India or abroad.	Within 24 hours
7.	Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), senior management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.	Within 12 hours * (except in case resignation); Within 24 hours (in

		case of resignation)
7A.	In case of resignation of the auditor of the company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor.	Timeline as specified in sub-para 7A of Para A of Schedule III.
7B.	Resignation of independent director including reasons for resignation.	Timeline as specified in sub-para 7B of Para A of Schedule III.
7C.	Letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director.	Timeline as specified in sub-para 7C of Para A of Schedule III.
7D.	In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the company was indisposed or unavailable to fulfill the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).	Within 12 hours *
8.	Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.	Within 12 hours *
9.	Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions.	Within 24 hours
10.	One time settlement with a bank.	Within 24 hours
11.	Winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors.	Within 24 hours
12.	Issuance of notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the company.	Within 12 hours *
13.	Proceedings of annual and extraordinary general meetings of the company.	Within 12 hours *
14.	Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of company, in brief.	Within 12 hours *
15.	 (a) Schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet and presentations made by the company to analysts or institutional investors. (b) Audio or video recordings and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever name called, conducted physically or through digital means. 	Timeline as specified in sub-para 15 of Para A of Schedule III.

16.	Events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code.	Within 24 hours
17.	 Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit, (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by listed entities: (a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit alongwith name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available; (b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the company along with comments of the management, if any. 	Within 12 hours * (if initiated by the company); Within 24 hours (if initiated by external agency).
18.	Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a company, in relation to any event or information which is material for the company in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain by the company.	Within 24 hours
19.	Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the company, in respect of the following: (a) search or seizure; or (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013;	Within 24 hours
20.	Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the company or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the company, in respect of the following: (a) suspension; (b) Imposition of fine or penalty; (c) settlement of proceedings; (d) debarment; (e) disqualification;	Within 24 hours

	 (f) closure of operations; (g) sanctions imposed; (h) warning or caution; or (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called; 	
21.	Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the company under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.	Within 12 hours *
В.	Events which shall be disclosed upon application of the guidelines for materiality referred sub- regulation (4) of regulation (30)	
1.	Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division	Within 12 hours *
2.	 Any of the following events pertaining to the company: (i) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or (ii) adoption of new line(s) of business; or (iii) closure of operation of any unit, division, or subsidiary (entirety or piecemeal) 	Within 12 hours *
3.	Capacity addition or product launch	Within 12 hours *
4.	Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business.	Within 24 hours
5.	Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof.	Within 12 hours * (for agreements where company is a party); Within 24 hours (for agreements where company is not a party).
6.	Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.	Within 24 hours
7.	Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the company.	Within 24 hours
8.	Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the company.	Within 24 hours

9.	Frauds or defaults by employees of the company which has or may have an impact on the company.	Within 24 hours
10.	Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme.	Within 12 hours *
11.	Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever name called, for any third party.	Within 12 hours *
12.	Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.	Within 24 hours
13.	Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority	Within 12 hours *
C.	Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the company which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the company to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.	Within 24 hours
D.	Without prejudice to the generality of para (A), (B) and (C) above, the company may make disclosures of event/information as specified by the Board from time to time.	Timeline as specified by the Board.

- * **Note:** In case the event or information emanates from a decision taken in a meeting of board of directors, the same shall be disclosed within thirty minutes from the closure of such meeting as against the timeline indicated in the table above.
- 3. The timeline for making disclosure under Regulation 30A of the LODR Regulations is given below:
- i. Future agreements (Reg. 30A(1)): the parties to the agreements shall inform the company about the agreement to which such a company is not a party within two working days of entering into the agreement or signing an agreement to enter into such agreements.
- ii. Subsisting agreements (proviso to Reg. 30A(1)):

a. Timeline for the parties to the subsisting agreements to inform the company about the agreement to which such a company is not a party: July 31, 2023.

b. Timeline for the company to disclose all such subsisting agreements to the stock exchange(s) and on its website: August 14, 2023.

4. As specified in sub-regulation (4) of LODR Regulations, any continuing event or information which becomes material pursuant to the notification of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023 shall be disclosed by the company within thirty days from the date of coming into effect of the amendment regulations, i.e., by August 14, 2023.

GUIDANCE ON WHEN AN EVENT / INFORMATION CAN BE SAID TO HAVE OCCURRED FOR DISCLOSURES UNDER REGULATION 30 OF THE LODR REGULATIONS

- 1. The company may be confronted with the question as to when an event/information can be said to have occurred for making disclosures under regulation 30 read with Schedule III of the LODR Regulations.
- 2. In certain instances, the answer to above question would depend upon the stage of discussion, negotiation or approval and in other instances where there is no such discussion, negotiation or approval required viz. in case of natural calamities, disruptions etc., the answer to the above question would depend upon the timing when the company became aware of the event/information.
- 2.1. In the former, the events/information can be said to have occurred upon receipt of approval of Board of Directors e.g. further issue of capital by rights issuance and in certain events/information after receipt of approval of both i.e. Board of Directors and Shareholders.

However, considering the price sensitivity involved, for certain events e.g. decision on declaration of dividends etc., disclosure shall be made on receipt of approval of the event by the Board of Directors, pending Shareholder's approval.

In case in-principle approval or approval to explore (which is not final approval) is given by the Board of Directors, the same shall not require disclosure under regulation 30 of the LODR Regulations.

2.2. In the latter, the events/information can be said to have occurred when a company becomes aware of the events/information, or as soon as, an officer of the entity has, or ought to have reasonably come into possession of the information in the course of the performance of his duties.

Here, the term 'officer' shall have the same meaning as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and shall also include promoter of the company.

3. Notwithstanding the above, listed entities shall confirm, deny or clarify any reported event or information in the mainstream media in terms of regulation 30(11) of the LODR Regulations.

GUIDANCE ON THE CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF EVENTS / INFORMATION

1. The criteria for determination of materiality of events / information is specified in regulation 30(4) of the LODR Regulations. One of the criteria is that the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:

i. two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the company;

ii. two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;

iii. five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the company;

2. In respect to the above, it is clarified that the average of absolute value of profit or loss is required to be considered by disregarding the 'sign' (positive or negative) that denotes such value as the said value / figure is required only for determining the threshold for 'materiality' of the event and not for any commercial consideration. The following illustration is provided in this regard for clarity:

Table I: Illustration for calculation of average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax

(Amount in Rs. crore)	Profit/loss after tax	Absolute value of profit/loss after tax	Average of absolute value of profit/loss after tax for the 3 years
FY 2020-21	(20)	20	(20+50+20) / 3 = 30
FY 2021-22	50	50	
FY 2022-23	(20)	20	

3. Further, it is clarified that in case a company does not have a track record of three years of financials, say, in case of a demerged entity, the aforesaid average may be taken for the period / number of years as may be available.







Industry Standards Note on Regulation 30 of the LODR Regulations

Purpose of this Industry Standards Note

This Industry Standards Note has been published to:

- Facilitate uniform approach and assist listed entities in complying with their obligations in respect
 of disclosures under Regulation 30 read with Schedule III of the Securities and Exchange Board of
 India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("LODR
 Regulations") and circulars issued thereunder (referred to below as the "Continuous Disclosure
 Requirements")¹; and
- Set out standard operating procedures for compliance with the Continuous Disclosure Requirements.

This Industry Standards Note has been prepared in consultation with SEBI. Any addition/ modification/ alteration to this Industry Standards Note shall be made only in consultation with SEBI. This Industry Standards Note is available on the websites of BSE Limited ("**BSE**") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("**NSE**") (collectively, the "**Stock Exchanges**"). Further, the same is hosted on the websites of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry (FICCI) accessible at https://ficci.in/, the Associated Chambers of Commerce & Industry of India (ASSOCHAM), accessible at https://www.assocham.org/, and the Confederation of Indian Industry (CII), accessible at https://www.cii.in/.

The listed entities shall follow this Industry Standards Note to ensure compliance with the Continuous Disclosure Requirements.

Main Aspects covered:

- 1. Applicability of numerical thresholds to certain companies for Para A(1) of Part A of Schedule III
- 2. Interpretation of "value or the expected impact in terms of value" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c).
- 3. Interpretation of "last audited consolidated financial statements" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c).
- 4. Interpretation of "significant market reaction" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(b).
- 5. Materiality for disclosure under Para A(20) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 6. Disclosure relating to other persons under Para A(19) and (20) of Part A of Schedule III.

¹ Excluding Regulation 30(11) of the LODR Regulations.







- Interpretation of "cumulative basis" (as referred in Master circular dated November 11, 2024² read with circular dated December 31, 2024³ issued by SEBI) for disclosure of pending litigations or disputes under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 8. Disclosure of show cause notices under (i) Para A(20) of Part A of the Schedule III, and (ii) Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 9. Disclosure of confidential litigation / dispute / order / action initiated or taken under (i) Para A(19) and (20) of Part A of the Schedule III, and (ii) Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 10. Compliance of timelines for disclosure under Regulation 30(6).
- 11. Disclosure of events or information which emanate from a decision taken in a meeting of board of directors under Regulation 30(6) read with Master circular dated November 11, 2024 read with circular dated December 31, 2024 issued by SEBI.
- 12. Disclosure of communication from regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority under Regulation 30(13).
- 13. Disclosure of fraud or default under Regulation 30 read with Para A(6) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 14. Disclosure for resignation key managerial personnel, senior management, etc under Para A(7C) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 15. Disclosure of winding up petition under Regulation 30 read with Para A(11) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 16. Disclosure of frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(9) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 17. Disclosure of guarantees and indemnity under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(11) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 18. Disclosure of announcement/ communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media under Regulation 30(4) read with Para A(18) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 19. Disclosure of schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance under Para A(15(a)) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 20. Disclosure of proceedings of AGMs and EGMs of the listed entity under Para A(13) of Part A of Schedule III.
- 21. Intimation of forfeiture/restriction on transferability under Para A(2) of Part A of Schedule III.

² Master circular for compliance with the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 by listed entities (SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/0155)

³ Circular for implementation of recommendations of the Expert Committee for facilitating ease of doing business for listed entities (SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/CIR/P/2024/185)







Industry Standards for Compliance

1. Applicability of numerical thresholds to certain companies for Para A(1) of Part A of Schedule III

- 1.1. For insurance companies and non-banking financial companies ("**NBFC(s)**"), including, core investment companies, registered with the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**"), the stipulation in Explanation (1)(ii)(c) to Para A(1) of Part A of Schedule III, should be understood as follows:
 - 1.1.1. In case of acquisitions of listed (or to be listed) equity, convertible or debt securities of another entity, a disclosure of an acquisition would be required to be made only if the cost of acquisition or the price at which the listed (or to be listed) equity, convertible or debt securities are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in Regulation 30(4)(i)(c)(2), i.e., two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the investor entity. In such instances, the materiality thresholds specified in Regulation 30(4)(i)(c)(3) would not be applicable.
 - 1.1.2. For any other type of acquisition, each of the prescribed materiality thresholds under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c) would continue to apply to assess whether a disclosure of the acquisition is triggered.

2. Interpretation of "value or the expected impact in terms of value" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c)

- 2.1. In computing the "expected impact in terms of value" of an event/information, a listed entity should, where applicable, consider the expected impact in the four ensuing quarters (including the quarter in which the event occurs if the event occurs in the first 60 days of the quarter). Illustration in this regard are provided below:
 - 2.1.1. If an event has occurred on May 29, 2023, which is a date in the first 60 days of the quarter, then the computation of the four ensuing quarters for the purposes of assessing the expected impact of the event would include the ongoing quarter beginning April 1, 2023. Accordingly, the period of assessment would be the four quarters beginning April 1, 2023, till March 31, 2024.
 - 2.1.2. However, if an event has occurred on June 1, 2023, which is date not in the first 60 days of the quarter, then the computation of four ensuing quarters for the purposes of assessing the expected impact of the event would not include the ongoing quarter. Accordingly, the period of assessment would then be from July 1, 2023 till June 30, 2024.
- 2.2. Disclosure / non-disclosure would typically be in compliance with the regulatory requirements if while undertaking the assessment of the "value" and "expected impact in terms of value", the listed entity places reliance on the principles for measurement set out under the applicable accounting standards (such as the PPR test formulated basis the principles for measurement set out under Ind AS 37), so as to ensure consistency between the disclosures made to the stock exchanges, and the disclosures made in the financial statements. For instance, if the outcome for a matter (above the materiality threshold) falls within probable or possible category then it may be disclosed, however, if it falls within remote category then disclosure may not be required under Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III.







- 2.3. Disclosure of an event under Para B of Part A of Schedule III would be required to be made if the gross amount involved in such event exceeds the materiality threshold. However, listed entities may disclose details of indemnity and insurance claims which could mitigate the expected impact, if any, in respect of such event to provide more context while making the disclosure.
- 2.4. In certain instances, all of the three parameters specified under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c) (viz., profit / net worth / turnover) may not be relevant to an event. As such, while assessing whether an event exceeds the materiality thresholds, listed entities should refer to <u>Annexure A</u> for guidance on which of the relevant and appropriate parameter ought to be considered for determination of materiality for different types of events under Para B of Part A of Schedule III.

3. Interpretation of "last audited consolidated financial statements" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c)

3.1. The reference to last audited consolidated financial statements in this Regulation shall mean the annual audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity.

4. Interpretation of "significant market reaction" under Regulation 30(4)(i)(b)

4.1. Significant market reaction may differ from company to company. Significant market reaction may be assessed against scrip price, as per the parameters specified by the stock exchange(s).

5. Materiality for disclosure under Para A(20) of Part A of Schedule III

- 5.1. For disclosure of imposition of fine or penalty under Para A(20) of Part A of Schedule III:
 - 5.1.1. Action taken or Order Passed by Sector Regulator / Enforcement Authority: Action taken or order passed by the sector regulator / enforcement authority of the listed entity would be required to disclosed, if such action or order, where quantifiable, exceeds the threshold specified by SEBI. The listed entity may refer to <u>Annexure B</u> for identifying its sector regulator / enforcement authority. Listed entities may also include other sector regulator/ enforcement authorities depending on their business, in their materiality policy.
 - 5.1.2. Action taken or Order Passed by all other Regulators / Authorities (Other than Regulators under paragraph 5.1.1 above): Action taken or order passed by a regulatory/statutory/enforcement/judicial/quasi-judicial authority would be required to be disclosed only if such action or order, where quantifiable, exceeds the threshold specified by SEBI.
- 5.2. Further, imposition of fine or penalty below the quantifiable thresholds mentioned in paragraphs 5.1.1 and 5.1.2 above, should be disclosed by the listed entity on a quarterly basis.







6. Disclosure relating to other persons under Para A(19) and (20) of Part A of Schedule III

- 6.1. Listed entity while considering whether a matter involving directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary requires disclosure can restrict themselves to disclosing such matters which are "in relation to the listed entity" and have an impact on operations, financial position or reputation of the listed entity.
- 7. Interpretation of 'cumulative basis' (as referred in Master circular dated November 11, 2024 read with circular dated December 31, 2024 issued by SEBI) for disclosure of pending litigations or disputes under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III
- 7.1. For litigations or disputes having similar question of law and/or factual matrix such that there is a likelihood of similar outcome of proceedings, the listed entity should disclose such matters, if the aggregate / cumulative amount involved in all such matters cross the materiality threshold. The requirement of aggregation / cumulation will not be applicable only on the account of (i) the opposite party being the same person in more than one matter, or (ii) the litigation involving listed entity and its subsidiaries. It is clarified that the likelihood of similar outcome of proceedings, shall refer to a negative outcome for the listed entity in one proceeding which may lead to similar negative outcomes in the other matters.
- 7.2. For instance, in case of tax matters, the tax authorities may initiate different proceedings against a listed entity for different financial years or in different states, around the same set of facts and legal issues. If it is expected that if one proceeding is held against the entity on merit or law, then the others will also be held against the listed entity, then all such matters should be cumulated. However, matters involving the tax authorities (as common opposite party) with different facts and outcome of which are not inter-related, should not be cumulated. Similarly, matters initiated by or against the listed entity and its subsidiary against or by a common opposite party, with different facts and outcome of which are not inter-related, should not be cumulated.

8. Disclosure of show cause notices under: (i) Para A(20) of Part A of the Schedule III and (ii) Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III

8.1. Receipt of a show cause notice would not trigger a disclosure requirement under Para A(20) of Part A of the Schedule III. However, receipt of a show cause notice from any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority would come under Para B(8) of Part A of the Schedule III, and require disclosure upon application of the guidelines for materiality, as specified in Regulation 30(4).

9. Disclosure of confidential litigation / dispute / order / action initiated or taken under (i) Para A(19) and (20) of Part A of the Schedule III, and (ii) Para B(8) of Part A of Schedule III

9.1. Listed entities while evaluating the expected impact (and subsequently, the disclosure requirement) of pending litigation / dispute / order / action initiated or taken may also consider whether the same is confidential in nature under any applicable law and/or requirement / direction of any regulatory, statutory, judicial or quasi-judicial authority, or any tribunal.







10. Compliance of timelines for disclosure under Regulation 30(6)

- 10.1. Appropriate systems should be implemented by the listed entity for prompt internal reporting of events and training sessions at regular intervals may be conducted by listed entities in order to ensure awareness within the system of the requirement under Regulation 30 of the LODR Regulations. The timelines stipulated in this Regulation for making disclosures to the stock exchanges would begin once an officer of the listed entity has become aware of the occurrence of an event / information, through credible and verifiable channels of communication. For the purpose of this paragraph 10, the term 'officer' shall have the same meaning ascribed to it under section 2(59) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 10.2. It shall be a defence for non-compliance with the timelines prescribed if there is any reasonable delay on account of (i) a force majeure event, (ii) time taken for completion of prima facie assessment of materiality for certain relevant events (such as orders, fraud, winding-up petitions, action initiated, claims made against listed entity, etc.), or (iii) information / event relating to subsidiary, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or promoter (where listed entity is not directly involved), etc. In such events, explanation for the delay should be provided along with the disclosure of the event / information.

11. Disclosure of events or information which emanate from a decision taken in a meeting of board of directors under Regulation 30(6) read with Master circular dated November 11, 2024 read with circular dated December 31, 2024 issued by SEBI

11.1. The timelines specified for disclosure of events or information which emanate from a decision taken in a meeting of board of directors, shall be applicable for making the disclosure in portable document format (.pdf). The listed entities may make the disclosure in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL) format within 24 hours from the conclusion of the meeting of the board of directors.

12. Disclosure of communication from regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority under Regulation 30(13)

- 12.1. The listed entities, while disclosing material information which is disclosable under Regulation 30 with respect to such communication, shall not be required to disclose confidential and sensitive information, including proprietary information. A summary of key elements of such communication (furnished in the prescribed format as set out in <u>Annexure C</u>) shall constitute sufficient compliance under Regulation 30(13).
- 12.2. To the extent the listed entities make disclosures of all relevant information as per the prescribed format under this requirement, they shall not be required to provide a copy of the communication from regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority.

13. Disclosure of fraud or default under Regulation 30 read with Para A(6) of Part A of Schedule III

13.1. In instances where the fraud relates to the listed company, the timelines stipulated in this Regulation for making disclosures to the stock exchanges would begin: (i) once a prima facie assessment of fraud having occurred is completed, or (ii) upon the expiry of 4 weeks from the time when the listed company becomes aware of the alleged fraud, whichever is earlier. Further, the listed entities will be required to make final disclosure once the investigation is fully concluded.







13.2. In instances where the allegation of fraud does not involve the listed company or is not in relation to the affairs of such listed entity, but pertains to its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary, the obligation of the listed company to make a disclosure shall trigger once an officer of that listed company has become aware of the occurrence of fraud, through credible and verifiable channels of communication in relation to the relevant parties.

14. Disclosure for resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, etc. under Para A(7C) of Part A of Schedule III

- 14.1. In cases of key managerial personnel, senior management, compliance officer and nonindependent directors of a listed entity, the phrase "resignation comes into effect" as used in Para A(7C) shall mean the last date of the concerned person in the listed entity, and the timelines for disclosure as per ParaA(7C) shall be calculated accordingly. For instance, *if Ms. X is a key managerial personnel in a listed entity, who submits her resignation letter on January 1, 2024, the management of the listed entity accepts the resignation on January 31, 2024 and her last date in the listed entity is February 28, 2024, the listed entity will be required to make the disclosure of her resignation on or prior to February 29, 2024 (i.e. within 24 hours of such resignation coming into effect) as per Para A(7C). The listed entity would also be required to provide the copy of her resignation letter dated January 1, 2024 on or prior to March 6, 2024 (i.e. within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect), along with detailed reasons for the resignation.*
- 14.2. When disclosing a copy of the resignation letter of the key managerial personnel, senior management, compliance officer or director, other than an independent director, to stock exchanges, the listed entity may redact portions from such resignation letter, other than the detailed reasons for resignation.

15. Disclosure of winding up petition under Regulation 30 read with Para A(11) of Part A of Schedule III

15.1. Listed entities while considering whether a winding up petition requires disclosure can restrict themselves to disclosing those winding up petitions validly filed by eligible parties under Sections 271 and 272 of the Companies Act, 2013 (once such matter is admitted by NCLT).

16. Disclosure of frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(9) of Part A of Schedule III

- 16.1. The listed entities may consider the definition of 'fraud' and 'default' as provided Para A (6) of Part A of Schedule III for the purposes of this provision.
- 16.2. For the purposes of timing and stage of disclosure, please refer to paragraph 13 above.

17. Disclosure of guarantees and indemnity under Regulation 30(4) read with Para B(11) of Part A of Schedule III

17.1. Listed entities may exclude indemnity/guarantee/surety, by whatever name called, provided for their wholly-owned subsidiaries which are consolidated in their financials from the scope of third-party indemnity/ guarantee/ surety. However, listed entities would be required to disclose such indemnity/ guarantee/ surety pertaining to their wholly-owned subsidiary, if the concerned entity ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary of the listed entity.







- 17.2. The disclosure requirement shall not extend to contractual performance guarantees given by listed entities, involved in business activities where such performance guarantees are required to be furnished in the normal course of business. However, disclosure should be made upon invocation of such performance guarantees.
- 17.3. Additionally, guarantees, indemnity or surety bonds given by listed banking companies and surety insurance provided insurance companies in the normal course of their business, will not trigger a disclosure requirement. However, disclosure would be required upon invocation of such guarantees, indemnity or surety bonds.
- 17.4. Further, all material indemnity/ guarantee/ surety pertaining to their wholly-owned subsidiary would be required to be disclosed by the listed entity in cases where such indemnity/ guarantee/ surety is invoked.

18. Disclosure of announcement/ communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media under Regulation 30(4) read with Para A(18) of Part A of Schedule III

18.1. In case of any premature announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, while making the requisite disclosure under this provision, the listed entity shall be required to issue necessary clarification in respect to such announcement / communication.

19. Disclosure of schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet at least two working days in advance under Para A(15(a)) of Part A of Schedule III

19.1. For analysts or institutional investors meet which are scheduled by the listed entities at short notice for urgent matters, the requirement of providing at least two working days' notice in advance may be dispensed with. In such a case, the schedule of meetings should simultaneously be submitted to the stock exchanges along with the explanation for the short notice. Further, the meeting shall not be preceded or succeeded by any one-to-one meetings.

20. Disclosure of proceedings of AGMs and EGMs of the listed entity under Para A(13) of Part A of Schedule III

20.1. A listed entity shall disclose voting results of annual and extraordinary general meetings as per the timelines provided in Regulation 44(3) of the LODR Regulations. However, certain specific details, such as, date of meeting and brief details of items deliberated, should be disclosed within 12 hours as per Regulation 30(6)(ii) of the LODR Regulations.

21. Intimation of forfeiture/restriction on transferability under Para A(2) of Part A of Schedule III

21.1. The listed entity shall not be required to make disclosures in such situations where the restriction on transferability was a result of operation of any of the statutes or regulations applicable to the listed entity. For instance, the RBI imposes restrictions on change in shareholding of NBFCs beyond 26% without approval of the RBI. Similarly, the Insurance and Regulatory Development Authority of India (IRDAI) has prescribed approval requirements if the holding crosses a certain limit. In such cases, the listed entity would not be required to make disclosures on the restriction on transferability.







Annexure A

<u>Guidance on appropriate parameter (profit / net-worth / turnover) to be considered for</u> <u>determination of materiality for different types of events under Para B of Part A of Schedule III</u> <u>of LODR Regulations</u>

As per regulation 30(4)(i)(c) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 ('LODR Regulations'),

(*i*) The listed entity shall consider the following criteria for determination of materiality of events/ information:

(c)the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:

- (1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed *entity;*
- (2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
- (3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity.

Thus, it is understood that any event/ information shall be considered as material for the Company if the value of such transaction or the expected impact of such event/ information in terms of value is lower of the turnover or net worth or profits after tax as calculated under the above stated provisions.

However, in certain instances, all of the three parameters specified under Regulation 30(4)(i)(c) (viz, profit / net worth / turnover) may not be relevant to an event. Applying the principle of *Reddendo Singula Singulis* to the materiality provisions of LODR Regulations, it can be said that since there are separate thresholds of 2% of turnover, 2% of net worth and 5% of average PAT, each of such values can be applied individually and a particular threshold would be relevant and applicable depending on the nature of the event/ information being assessed. For instance, any event which has an impact on the turnover or profits of the Company can be considered material by comparing the value of such event/ information with 2% of the consolidated turnover or 5% of the average PAT respectively.

Similarly, if there is any event/ information which has a capital cost involved, then the materiality of such event/ information can be identified by comparing the value of such event/ information with 2% of the consolidated net worth of the Company and if the value of event exceeds such threshold, then the event would be considered as material.

Based on the above, an analysis as to which of the three parameters should be applied for events or information stated in Schedule III, Part A, Para B is suggested below for uniform approach by the listed entities:

S. No.	Para B Events	Comparable with individual threshold limit (Numerator to Denominator)
1	Commencement or any	Lower of the below:
	postponement in the date of	
	commencement of commercial	







production or commercial	a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of
operations of any unit/division.	 a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:	
(a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or	 Lower of the below: a. Capital invested or to be invested for such tie-up to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
(b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or	 Lower of the below: a. Capital invested or to be invested for new line of business to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
(c) closure of operations of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal)	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
Capacity addition or product launch.	 Capacity addition: Lower of the below: a. Capital invested or to be invested to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT Product launch: Lower of the below: a. Capital invested or to be invested for product launch to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of
	pertaining to the listed entity: (a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or (b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or (c) closure of operations of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal)







S. No.	Para B Events	Comparable with individual threshold limit (Numerator to Denominator)
4	Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business	 Lower of the below: a. Expected capital expenditure to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
5	Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof	 Lower of the below, as may be applicable: a. Expected impact on balance sheet (increase in liability in terms of amount of loan) to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
6	Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the listed entity due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts, etc.	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
7	Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the listed entity.	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
8	Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
9	Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
10	Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme	 Lower of the below: a. Expected increase in capital to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT







S. No.	Para B Events	Comparable with individual threshold limit (Numerator to Denominator)
11	Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on balance sheet (increase in liability in terms of amount of guarantee, indemnity, surety, etc.) to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss in case the guarantee / indemnity / surety is invoked to 5% of average PAT
12	Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.	 Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
13	Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority	Threshold to be linked with Para A(20) - imposition of penalty.

Notes:

- 1. The above comparison of numerator to denominator for each event shall be applied basis on the assessment available with the Company, whether internal or external including any press release, transaction documents, insurance, board presentation, management review, etc., for determining such expected impact on turnover, capital expenditure, profits, etc. Refer Para 2.1 of the Note for explanation on computing "expected impact in terms of value".
- Consolidated turnover, net worth and profit/loss shall be as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity and the average PAT shall be average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity.







Annexure B

Part I - List of sector regulators in India

S.	Industry/Sector	Regulator(s)
No.		
1.	Chemicals and	Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers
2	petrochemicals Fertilizers and	Ministry of Chamicals and Fastilizara
2.	Fertilizers and agrochemicals	Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers
3.	Cement and cement	-
5.	products	-
4.	Other construction materials	-
5.	Ferrous metals	_
6.	Non-ferrous metals	-
7.	Diversified metals	-
8.	Minerals and mining	Directorate General Of Mines Safety
9.	Metals and minerals trading	-
10.	Paper, forest and jute	-
	products	
11.	Automobiles	-
12.	Auto components	-
13.	Consumer durables	-
14.	Textiles and apparels	-
15.	Media	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
16.	Entertainment	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, Department of
		Telecommunications
	Printing and publication	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
	Realty	Real Estate Regulatory Authority
	Leisure services	-
1	Other consumer services	-
	Retailing	-
	Gas	Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board
	Oil	Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board
	Petroleum products	Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board
	Consumable fuels	Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board
26.	Agricultural food and other	-
27	products	
-	Beverages Cigarettes and tobacco	-
28.	products	-
20	Personal products	-
	Household products	-
30.	Diversified FMCG	- Food Safety and Standards Authority of India (FSSAI), Food
51.		and Drug Administration (FDA)
32.	Banks/ NBFCs	Reserve Bank of India, Banking Ombudsman, Securities and
52.		Exchange Board of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing
		authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Insurance Regulatory
		and Development Authority of India (to the extent it acts as
		a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Pension Fund







S. No.	Industry/Sector	Regulator(s)
		Regulatory and Development Authority (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity)
33.	Capital markets	Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges, Reserve Bank of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity).
34.	Insurance	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India, Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity)
35.	Financial technology (fintech)	Reserve Bank of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Securities and Exchange Board of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity), Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (to the extent it acts as a licensing authority vis-à-vis the listed entity)
36.	Pharmaceuticals and biotechnology	National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority (NPPA)
37.		Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation
38.	Healthcare services	National Medical Commission
-	Construction	-
40.	Aerospace and defense	Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA)
41.	Agricultural, commercial and construction vehicles	-
42.	Electrical equipment	-
43.	0	-
	Industrial products	-
45.	IT – software/ services/ hardware	-
	Engineering services	-
47.	Transport services	-
48.	Transport infrastructure	-
	Commercial services & supplies	-
50.	Public services	-
51.	Telecom – services	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India, Department of Telecommunications
52.	Telecom – equipment & accessories	Telecom Regulatory Authority of India , Department of Telecommunications
53.	Power	Central/State Electricity Regulatory Commissions







S. No.	Industry/Sector	Regulator(s)
54.	Other utilities • Water supply & management • Waste management • Emergency services • Multi utilities • Other utilities	
55.	Diversified	-

Part II – List of Enforcement Authorities

• Enforcement Directorate and Central Bureau of Investigation.







Annexure C

[On the letterhead of the listed entity]

Date: [•]

To BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street Mumbai 400 001 Maharashtra, India

National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G Bandra Kurla Complex Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra

Dear Sir / Madam,

Re: [•]

In respect of the captioned matter, I/ (we) the undersigned, state and declare that the information and details provided in **Form A**, in compliance with Regulation 30(13) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is true, correct and complete to the best of my/ (our) knowledge and belief.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

Name and Signature:

Date and Place:

Designation:

Email ID:







Form A

Disclosure by [Name of listed company] regarding receipt of communication from regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

[Regulation 30(13) – Disclosure of communication from regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority]

Sr. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Name of the listed company	
2.	Type of communication received	
3.	Date of receipt of communication	
4.	Authority from whom communication received	
5.	Brief summary of the material contents of the communication received, including reasons for receipt of the communication	
6.	Period for which communication would be applicable, if stated	
7.	Expected financial implications on the listed company, if any	
8.	Details of any aberrations/non-compliances identified by the authority in the communication	
9.	Details of any penalty or restriction or sanction imposed pursuant to the communication	
10.	Action(s) taken by listed company with respect to the communication	
11.	Any other relevant information	
